# Frodsham CE Primary School Long Term Plan 2024/2025 Year 2

Love each other, as God loves us.

	Λ+.		Cn		Cur	Summer		
	Autumn		3p	Spring		mmer		
Christian Values	Love	Respect	Kindness	Community	Faith	Resilience		
Spiritual Development	<ul> <li>Me: I can be creative. I can be curious. I can be honest. I can be still. I can be thankful. I know I am unique.</li> <li>Others: I can celebrate others achievements. I can be fair. I can be kind. I can forgive others. I can be generous. I can show respect. I can work as part of a team. I know how to make things right when I have hurt others.</li> <li>World: I can be thankful for the gift of creation. I can find wonder in all things. I can see beauty in the world. I understan what is unfair.</li> <li>God: I know I am loved by God for who I am. I know I am one of God's children. I can celebrate with God. I can talk to God.</li> </ul>							
RE	in prayer.	tion	Juc	laism	l:	slam		
(Year A)	Why do Christians look aft environment?	ter their local	How do Jews show faith through practices and celebrations?		Who do Muslims beli What is important ab			
A visit will be made to St Luke's Catholic Church	I can explain how Christian the world and try to take least 2 reasons why Christ environment. I can begin to consider oth world began. I can talk about how St Fra I can consider how I can be	begin to consider other views about how the d began. talk about how St Francis cared for creation. consider how I can be a steward for creation. suggest reasons why Christians say thank you		Shabbat. I can explain the symbolism of the Shabbat meal. I can explain the symbolism of the Shabbat meal. I can explain what God is One means. I can explain how Esther shows honesty and how this is remembered at Purim. I can explain how Jewish families and their communities celebrate Hanukkah. I can explain who the Jewish Matriarchs and I can talk about who Muslims say Muhammad (pbuh) are e.g. 99 nath Muhammad (pbuh) are e.g. 90 nath Muhammad (pbuh) are e.g. 99 nath Muhammad (pbuh) are e.g. 90 nath Muhammad (pbuh) are e.g		Shabbat. I can explain the symbolism of the Shabbat meal. I can explain what God is One means. I can explain how Esther shows honesty and how this is remembered at Purim. I can explain how Jewish families and their communities celebrate Hanukkah.		re e.g. 99 names of Alla three things that migh aby's naming ceremon three things that migh narriage.
	Good	News	Disci	pleship	means.			

	How does the Bible show Jesus living his life as good news? How do you know when you feel better inside or outside? I can describe details from a story Jesus told and details from a story about Jesus saying why he was a teacher and a leader. I can talk about what is important to me and relate it to a parable Jesus told and to the healing stories of Jesus. I can suggest how the healing stories might be important to Christians and why they believe Jesus was a healer. I can evaluate key teachings studied from the Bible and explain why they are important to Christians. I can say why Christians try to live their lives according to teachings in the Bible.  Incarnation	Why do Christians make promises at baptism? I can explain why promises are made at infant baptism. I can talk about what happens in an Infant baptism. I can talk about what symbols I might see in an Infant baptism. I can talk about what promises are made at a baptism. I can talk about some of the hopes parents have at a baptism for their infant. I can talk about how Jesus was baptised. I can evaluate what it means to Christians to belong to a church. I can talk about what it means to belong and how this is special. I can talk about why some adults choose to be baptised.	I can talk about how religions have beliefs, values and rituals which we can learn about from sacred text.
	What does the visit of the magi tell Christians about Jesus? Why might Christians choose to follow Jesus? I can describe what people can learn from the Christmas story about Jesus the king.	Easter How does prayer help Christians start again? What do Christians believe about salvation (being rescued/found)? I can explain what part of the Lord's prayer is about and how it might help Christians feel forgiven so they can start again. I can describe what Christians believe about salvation (being rescued/found)? (Using the stories studied Luke 15:8-10 Parable of the sheep & Parable of Lost Son Luke 15:11-32)	
RE (Year B) A visit will be made	Love each other as God loves us What does love teach about forgiveness? I can explain what the school vision 'Love as God loves us' means.	Judaism How do Jews show faith through practices and celebrations? I can explain how Jews remember the	Islam Who do Muslims believe in? What is important about some Muslim ceremonies?

to St Luke's		Shabbat.	I can talk about who Muslims say Allah and
Catholic Church	God	I can explain the symbolism of the Shabbat meal.	Muhammad (pbuh) are e.g. 99 names of Allah / Prophet of God.
	Incarnation	I can explain what God is One means.	I can describe at least three things that might
	What does the visit of the magi tell Christians	I can explain how Esther shows honesty and	happen at a Muslim baby's naming ceremony.
	about Jesus?	how this is remembered at Purim.	I can describe at least three things that might
	Why might Christians choose to follow Jesus? I can describe what people can learn from the	I can explain how Jewish families and their communities celebrate Hanukkah.	happen at a Muslim marriage.
	Christmas story about Jesus the king.	I can explain who the Jewish Matriarchs and	Free enquiry Unit
		Patriarchs are.	What is prayer?
		I can talk about why some adults choose to be	
		baptised.	
		Holy Spirit	
		Easter	
		How does prayer help Christians start again?	
		What do Christians believe about salvation	
		(being rescued/found)?	
		I can explain what part of the Lord's prayer is about and how it might help Christians feel	
		forgiven so they can start again.	
		I can describe what Christians believe about	
		salvation (being rescued/found)?	
		(Using the stories studied Luke 15:8-10	
		Parable of the sheep & Parable of Lost Son	
		Luke 15:11-32)	

### **English** Pathways to Write





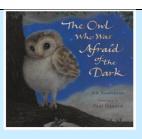
**Troll Swap** Fiction - character

Spoken language: Listen and respond **Build vocabulary** Give well-structured descriptions. explanations and narratives Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations

### Reading comprehension:

and debates

Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related Make inferences on the basis of what is being



The Owl Who Was Afraid Of The Dark Non-chronological Report

Spoken language: Listen and respond Ask relevant questions **Build vocabulary** Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative

### Reading comprehension:

conversations

Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related Read non-fiction books that are structured in different ways Draw on what is already known or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher



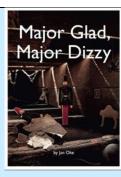
**Dragon Machine** Fiction - Adventure

#### Spoken language:

Ask relevant questions **Build vocabulary** Articulate and justify answers Use spoken language: speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas

### Reading comprehension:

Check the text makes sense Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done Answer and ask **questions** Predict what might happen on the basis



Major Glad, Major Dizzy Recount - Diary

Spoken language:

Listen and respond Ask relevant auestions Build vocabulary Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates

### Reading comprehension:

Read non-fiction books that are structured in different ways Discuss and clarify the meaning of words



The Last Wolf Letter

### Spoken language:

Articulate and justify answers Maintain attention and participate in collaborative conversations Speak audibly and fluently Participate in discussions, presentations. performances, role play, improvisations and debates

### Reading comprehension:

Listen to. discuss and express views about a wide range of books at a level beyond that which can be read independently



**Grandad's Secret** Giant

Fiction - Moral

Spoken language:

Give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives Listen and respond Ask relevant questions Participate in discussions. presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates

### Reading comprehension:

Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related.

said and done Answer and ask auestions Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material

#### Writing composition:

Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) Write down ideas, key words, new vocabulary Encapsulate what is to be written, sentence by sentence Make simple additions, revisions and corrections (greater depth only) Evaluate writing with the teacher and other pupils Re-read to check that writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used

Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done Answer and ask questions Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material

### Writing composition:

Write for different purposes Make simple additions, revisions and corrections (greater depth only) Evaluate writing with the teacher and other pupils Proof-read to check for errors in spelling. grammar and punctuation Read aloud with intonation

### Writing outcome:

To write a fact sheet about owls using information gathered from the text

of what has been read so far

### Writing composition: Plan or say out loud

what is going to be

Write down ideas,

key words, new

written about

vocabulary Encapsulate what is to be written, sentence by sentence Make simple additions, revisions and corrections Evaluate writing with the teacher and other pupils Re-read to check that writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently Proof-read to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation Read aloud with intonation

### Writing outcome:

To write a story based upon the model text using own Answer and ask auestions Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material

#### Writing composition: Write narratives

about personal

experiences and those of others (real or fictional) Write poetry Plan or say out loud what is going to be written about Write down ideas. key words, new vocabulary Encapsulate what is to be written, sentence by sentence Make simple additions, revisions and corrections Evaluate writing with the teacher and other pupils Re-read to check that writing makes sense and that verbs to

Become familiar with and re-tell a wider range of traditional tales Recognise simple recurring literary language Draw on what is already known and on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far

#### Writing composition:

Write narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) Write about real events Write for different purposes Plan or say out loud what is going to be written about Make simple additions, revisions and corrections Evaluate writing with the teacher and other

Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done Ask and answer questions Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far. Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of books at a level beyond that which can be read independently.

#### Writing composition:

Write poetry Write for different purposes Make simple additions, revisions and corrections Evaluate writing with the teacher and other pupils Re-read to check that writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently Write for different purposes Proof-read to check for errors in spelling,

correctly and consistently Proof-read to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation

#### Writing outcome:

To write a story based upon the model text using the pupils' ideas for characters

#### Greater depth writing outcome:

To write a story about any two contrasting characters who swap places

#### Gateway keys:

Combine words to make sentences Join words and clauses using and Sequence sentences to form short narratives Leave spaces between words

### Mastery keys:

Plan or say out loud what is going to be written about Use punctuation correctly – full stops,

#### Greater depth writing outcome:

To have greater choice in how to represent the information for example, in the choice of layout and subheadings used

### Gateway keys:

Sequence sentences to form short narratives Join words and clauses using and Use subordination (because) Add suffixes to verbs where no change is needed to the root Write expanded noun phrases to describe and specify

### Mastery keys:

Use co-ordination (but, or) Add -lv to turn adjectives into adverbs Write for different purposes Use commas to separate items in a list

## Feature kevs:

Specific vocabulary linked to the topic

ideas for a change of character and machine

### Greater depth writing outcome: To write the story in

first person from new character's point of view to allow for description of emotions and viewpoint throughout the story

### Gateway keys:

Use subordination (because) and coordination (and) Write expanded noun phrases to describe and specify Use punctuation correctly – full stop, capital letters Add suffixes to verbs where no change is needed to the root (Y1)

### Mastery keys:

Write sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command

indicate time are used correctly and consistently Proof-read to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation

### Writing outcome:

To write a recount of historical events from the text from Major Glad's point of view

### **Greater depth** writing outcome:

Include in the diary how Major Dizzy felt. What did Major Glad notice about him?

#### Gateway keys: Use subordination

(when, because) Write expanded noun phrases to describe and specify Use punctuation correctly – full stop, capital letters Some accurate use of exclamation marks, question marks

#### Mastery keys: Use the progressive

Re-read to check that writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently Proof-read to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation

pupils

#### Writing outcome:

To write a letter in role persuading characters to save the trees

### **Greater depth** writing outcome:

To write a letter as themselves persuading local people to save the trees

### Gateway keys:

Use the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense Some use of subordination (because, when) and coordination (and, but)

grammar and punctuation

#### Writing outcome:

To write own version of the story with a focus on morals and acceptance of others

#### **Greater depth** writing outcome:

To write own version of the story including the point of view of the giant character

#### **Gateway keys:**

Use subordination (if, that) Add -er and -est to adjectives Use homophones and near homophones Use punctuation correctly apostrophes for contracted forms

#### Mastery keys:

Use present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form Use subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and cocapital letters Clear and precise Use subordination form of verbs in the Use punctuation ordination (using or, Use expanded noun description (apply because, correctly (as taught present and past and, or but) phrases to describe and Present tense introduce when) so far) Use expanded noun tense specify Title Use present and past Use present and past Write sentences with phrases to describe Use subordination different forms: **Sub-Headings** tenses correctly and tenses correctly and and specify Add suffixes to spell (because) and Introduction consistently (some consistently statement, question, coordination (and) Grouped information progressive) Use subordination exclamation, longer words e.g -Facts from research Read aloud with (apply because, command ment,- ful Feature keys: intonation when: introduce Use phrases from story Use punctuation that) Mastery keys: Feature keys: Write down ideas, Use subordination (if, Use phrases from language correctly -Create and describe exclamation marks, key words, new that) story language characters question marks vocabulary Add -er and -est to Create and describe Create and describe characters Use punctuation adjectives Use homophones and settings Feature keys: correctly introduce Create and describe Use past tense Use phrases from apostrophe for the near homophones settings consistently and story language Use punctuation Sequence of events possessive (singular) correctly Create and describe correctly -Section story into Write in 3rd person characters Feature keys: apostrophes for beginning, middle Sequence of events Create and describe Include detail and contracted forms and end with beginning, middle Use 3rd person settings description to inform and end the reader Feature keys: Use past tense consistently consistently and Write in 1st person Include detail and Use tenses correctly Use consistent past description to inform appropriately Write in 3rd person tense the reader Sequence of events Order events with Use a range of with beginning, adverbs of time sentence forms to middle and end Include personal address the reader comments and own Write in 1st person viewpoint Include personal Set the scene with a comments and own clear opening and viewpoint establish the context Use openings and Finish with a closing closings e.g. dear, statement with opening statement to personal comment or state why we are

				summary e.g. What an amazing day we all had!	writing, from	
Maths (First4Maths)	Throughout the year, the children will progress through the following blocks:  1. Number and Place Value 2. Addition and Subtraction 3. Money 4. Multiplication and Division 5. Fractions 6. Geometry: Properties of Shape 7. Measures: Time 8. Statistics 9. Geometry: Position and Direction 10. Measures: Length, Height, Mass, Capacity and Temperature  See our Curriculum Progression for Maths for more detail about the sequence of learning.					
Mathematics	Number – Place value		nent – Mone		Number – Fractions	
White Rose Hub						
	Number – Addition and subtraction	Number -	Multiplication	on and Division	Measurement – Time	
	Geometry –Shape	Measurer	<b>nent –</b> Lengt	h and Height	Statistics	
	Click here for small steps	<b>Measurer</b> Temperat		Capacity and	<b>Geometry</b> – Position a	nd Direction
		, i	Click here for small steps			
			Click here for small steps			
Science	Uses of everyday materials	Plants		Animals including	Living Things and	SRE
	In this unit children will focus on:	In this uni		Humans	their Habitats	We will follow the
	Identifying & comparing different materials		vill focus on:	In this unit children	This unit will focus	Christopher Winter
	Materials used to build landmarks around Frodsham	What plan		will focus on:	on: Habitats	scheme of work and
	Uses of different materials	seeds nee Growth –	_	Exercise and healthy		cover: understand that
	Uses of different materials	Growth –	seeus and	living	Living and non-living	עוועפוצנמווע נוומנ

	Exploring how materials can be changed by	bulbs	What animals and	things	some people have
	squashing, bending, twisting & stretching	50155	humans need to	Early food chains	fixed ideas about
	galacining, containing at our committee		survive		what boys and girls
			Animals have		can do
			offspring, which grow		describe the
			to be adults.		difference between
					male and female
					babies
					describe some
					differences between
					male and female
					animals
					understand that
					making a new life
					needs a male and a
					female
PSHE	Relationships	Living in the Wider Wo	orld	Health and Well-being	
PSHE	Families and friendships	Belonging to a commun		Physical health and mental wellbeing	
Association and	Making friends; feeling lonely and getting help	Belonging to a group; r		Why sleep is important; medicines and	
	<u>Safe relationships</u>	responsibilities; being t	the same and different	keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy;	
Kapow	Managing secrets; resisting pressure and getting	in the community		managing feelings and asking for help	
	help; recognising hurtful behaviour	Media literacy and digi		Growing and changing	
	Respecting ourselves and others	The internet in everyda	y life; online content	Growing older; naming	body parts; moving
	Recognising things in common and differences;	and information		class or year	
	playing and working cooperatively; sharing	Money and work		Keeping safe	
	opinions	What money is; needs	and wants; looking	Safety in different envi	
	No Outsidons	after money		safety at home; emergo	encies
	No Outsiders  Can Llain Your Club? John Kally and Stank Laboris	No Outsiders		No Outsiders	
	Can I Join Your Club? <i>John Kelly and Steph Laberis</i> How to Be A Lion <i>Ed Vere</i>	110 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Families <i>Mary Hoffman</i>	What The Jacdaw Saw .	Iulia Donaldson and
	How to be A Lion Lu Vere	and Ros Asquith	ranniles ividi y riojjinidii	Nick Sharratt	Juliu Donaluson una
		We Are Welcome Alexa	andra Penfold and	Amazing Steve Antony	
		Suzanne Kaufman	anara r enjoia ana	, and any	
Art and Design	Painting and mixed media – Life in Colour	Craft and Design – Ma	p it out	Sculpture and 3D – Cla	y Houses
FCE Long Term	Pupils know how to:	Pupils know how to:		Pupils know how to:	
<u> </u>	Mix a variety of shades of a secondary colour.	Draw a map to illustrat	e a journey.	Smooth and flatten cla	y.
Plan and Kapow					

	Make choices about amounts of paint to use when mixing a particular colour.  Match colours seen around them.  Create texture using different painting tools.  Make textured paper to use in a collage.  Choose and shape collage materials eg cutting, tearing.  Compose a collage, arranging and overlapping pieces for contrast and effect.  Add painted detail to a collage to enhance/improve it.		Separate wool fibres ready to make felt. Lay wool fibres in opposite directions to make felt. Roll and squeeze the felt to make the fibres stick together. Add details to felt by twisting small amounts of wool. Choose which parts of their drawn map to represent in their 'stained glass'. Overlap cellophane/tissue to create new colours. Draw a design onto a printing polystyrene tile without pushing the pencil right through the surface. Apply paint or ink using a printing roller. Smooth a printing tile evenly to transfer an image. Try out a variety of ideas for adapting prints into 2D or 3D artworks.		Roll clay into a cylinder or ball.  Make different surface marks in clay.  Make a clay pinch pot.  Mix clay slip using clay and water.  Join two clay pieces using slip.  Make a relief clay sculpture.  Use hands in different ways as a tool to manipulate clay.  Use clay tools to score clay.	
Computing Switched On	We are astronauts  Have a clear understanding of algorithms as sequences of instructions. Convert simple algorithms to programs. Predict what a simple program will do. Spot and fix (debug) errors in their programs.  Outcome: A Scratch program in which a sprite moves around the screen	We are games testers  Describe carefully what happens in computer games. Use logical reasoning to make predictions of what a program will do. Test these predictions. Think critically about computer games and their use. Be aware of how to	We are photographers  Consider the technical and artistic merits of photographs. Use a digital camera or camera app. Take digital photographs. Review and reject or pick the images they take. Edit and enhance their photographs.	We are researchers  Develop collaboration skills through working as part of a group. Develop research skills through searching for information on the internet. Improve note-taking skills through the use of mind mapping. Develop presentation skills through	We are detectives  Understand that email can be used to communicate. Develop skills in opening, composing and sending emails. Gain skills in opening and listening to audio files on the computer. Use appropriate language in emails. Develop skills in editing and	We are zoologists  Sort and classify a group of items by answering questions. Collect data using tick charts or tally charts. Use simple charting software to produce pictograms and other basic charts. Take, edit and enhance photographs. Record information on a digital map.

		use games safely and	Select their best	creating and	formatting text in	
		in balance with other	images to include in a	delivering a short	emails.	Outcome: Charts and
		activities.	shared portfolio.	multimedia	Be aware of online	maps showing bugs
				presentation.	safety issues when	found in different
		Outcome: Notes on			using email.	locations
		how games work, as	Outcome: A class	Outcome: Mind		
		text, audio or	portfolio of original	maps and a two-	Outcome: Class	
		screencast video	photographs	minute multimedia	emails requesting	
				presentation for a	information to solve	
				specific audience	a mystery	
Design	Cooking and Nutrition		Textiles		Mechanisms	
Technology	Focus –Preparing fruit & veg	getables	Focus – Templates & Jo	oining techniques	Focus – Wheels & Axels	S
•	(Where food comes from)		Product – Simple bag		Product – Vehicle for a	n imaginary/story
Projects on a	Product – Fruit smoothies				character	
Page			Technical knowledge and understanding			
	Technical knowledge and u	nderstanding	Understand how simple 3-D textile products		Technical knowledge and understanding	
	Understand where a range of		are made, using a template to create two		Explore and use wheels, axles and axle	
	come from e.g. farmed or gr		identical shapes.		holders.	
	Know and use technical and		Understand how to join fabrics using different techniques e.g. running stitch, glue, over stitch, stapling.  Explore different finishing techniques e.g. using painting, fabric crayons, stitching, sequins, buttons and ribbons.  Know and use technical vocabulary relevant		Distinguish between fixed and freely moving	
	relevant to the project.	, ,			axles.	
					Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to	
	Designing				the project.	
	Design appealing products for	or a particular user				
	based on simple design crite	· ·			Designing	
	Generate initial ideas and de				Generate initial ideas a	nd simple design
	investigating a variety of fru	_	to the project.		criteria through talking	and using own
	Communicate these ideas th	<u> </u>			experiences.	
	drawings.	J	Designing		Develop and communic	cate ideas through
	, and the second		Design a functional and	l appealing product for	drawings and mock-ups	S.
	Making		a chosen user and purp	ose based on simple		
	Use simple utensils and equi	ipment to e.g. peel	design criteria.		Making	
	cut, slice, squeeze, grate and		Generate, develop, mo	del and communicate	Select from and use a r	_
	Select from a range of fruit a		their ideas as appropria	ate through talking,	equipment to perform	practical tasks such as
	according to their characteri	_	drawing, templates, mo	ock-ups and	cutting and joining to a	llow movement and
	texture and taste to create a		information and comm	unication technology.	finishing.	
		,			Select from and use a r	ange of materials and

	Evaluating  Taste and evaluate a range of fruit and vegetables to determine the intended user's preferences.  Evaluate ideas and finished products against design criteria, including intended user and purpose.	Making Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks such as marking out, cutting, joining and finishing. Select from and use textiles according to their characteristics.  Evaluating Explore and evaluate a range of existing textile products relevant to the project being undertaken. Evaluate their ideas throughout and their final products against original design criteria.	components such as paper, card, plastic and wood according to their characteristics.  Evaluating Explore and evaluate a range of products with wheels and axles. Evaluate their ideas throughout and their products against original criteria.
Geography FCE Long Term Plan	Consolidate the United Kingdom's countries, as well as the capitals.	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, continents and oceans.  Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.  Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language (for example, near and far; left and right), to describe the location of features and routes on a map.  Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic and human features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.	Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom and a small area in a contrasting non-European country.
History FCE Long Term Plan	Events beyond living memory that are nationally or globally significant: The Great Fire of London. What life was like in London in 1666. Place 1666 and the Great Fire of London on a timeline.	,	Significant historical events, people and places within Frodsham. (St Laurence Church, Frodsham market, the significance of bees)

	Place the events of the Great Fire of London in chronological order. Discuss reasons why the Great Fire of London started and spread. Explain the significance of Samuel Pepys' diary and how this source is how we know about the Great Fire of London. Identify and explain what changes were made in terms of architecture and the city's design after the fire and why. Compare and use different sources to answer questions about the Great Fire of London. Analyse artefacts and ask questions about them. Know about significant historical events, people and places in their own locality: Remembrance Day. Know about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Compare aspects of life in different periods: Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole.		
<b>Music</b> Kapow	<ul> <li>Call and response (Animals)</li> <li>Children can</li> <li>Use dynamics when creating sound.</li> <li>Play in time with a group.</li> <li>Experiment with different sounds on the same instrument.</li> <li>Clap the animal sound patterns mostly accurately.</li> <li>Clap the sound patterns in time with the pulse of the backing track.</li> <li>Demonstrate both a call and response.</li> <li>Copy a sound pattern using an instrument.</li> <li>Playing either a call and/or response role in time with another pupil.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Structure (Myths and Legends)</li> <li>Children can</li> <li>Recognise, play and write rhythms with one beats and paired half beats.</li> <li>Show a rest beat using a silent movement.</li> <li>Read and follow a structure from left to right.</li> <li>Add rhythms to a structure to create a beginning, middle and end.</li> <li>Work well as part of a group, listening to others and respecting their ideas.</li> <li>Maintain a steady beat.</li> <li>Use a thinking voice to play rhythms on</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pitch (Musical Me)</li> <li>Children can</li> <li>Move their eyes from left to right to read pitch patterns.</li> <li>Sing high and low notes including the notes in between.</li> <li>Play a pattern of high and low notes on an instrument.</li> <li>Read notation from left to right.</li> <li>Draw high and low sounds using dots at the top and bottom of a page, respectively.</li> <li>Recognise when notes stay the same.</li> <li>Recognise missing notes on a stave.</li> </ul>

	Perform a composition.	Perform a composition.		an instrument.		
PE	Health and Wellbeing	Jumping	Team building	Hands	Feet	Rackets, bats and
Complete PE	The focus of the learning is	The focus of learning	The focus of the	The focus of the	The focus of learning	balls
complete i E	to consolidate our	is to recap jumping,	learning is to	learning is to develop	is to develop	The focus of the
	understanding of agility,	in different	introduce teamwork.	and consolidate	dribbling using our	learning is for pupils
	balancing and	directions, at		pupils' execution of	feet in order to keep	to continue to apply
	coordination and when	different speeds and	Pupils will	an underarm throw	control and	their developing
	this is applied during	different levels.	understand why it is	and to further extend	possession of the	accuracy skills when
	sport.		important to include	their understanding	ball.	hitting a ball in a
		Pupils will begin to	everyone when	of why we need to be		variety of
	Pupils will develop	understand the	working as a team	accurate when we	The focus of learning	competitive
	different ways of moving	different reasons	and how it feels to be	throw.	is to develop and	situations and games.
	at speed and will	when, where and	left out.		combine passing and	
	understand the	why we jump in		Pupils will experience	receiving using our	Pupils will also need
	consequences of not being	different ways.	Pupils will start to	a competition against	feet in order to keep	to start to consider
	agile.	The focus of learning	learn and understand	other pupils,	possession of the ball	the application of
		is for pupils to begin	what makes an	developing their	and score a point as a	power as they
	Pupils will explore	to develop their	effective team and to	ability to collaborate.	team.	attempt to hit targets
	different ways of	understanding of	trust their team.			that are of varying
	balancing with a partner	how to jump and skip		The focus of the	Games for	distances away.
	and understand which	efficiently and apply	Pupils will to develop	learning is for pupils	Understanding	
	sports require more than	this to a game, a	their communication	to work in a team,	The focus of the	Pupils will be
	one person to balance	competition and a	and cooperation	applying their	learning is to create	challenged to work
	together to be successful.	tournament.	skills, enabling them	understanding of	and understand	with a partner and
			to create strategies	underarm throwing	simple attacking	then against their
	Pupils will understand	Pupils will recap how	to complete a	and the basic	principles, applying	partner as they
	what feet eye	we jump, applying	challenge and solve a	principles of attack vs	them as a team into a	become opponents
	coordination means and	the most effective	problem.	defence to win a	game.	and work to win
	will start to develop their	technique using our		game and to beat		games.
	kicking and dribbling skills	head, arms and feet	Dance – explorers	and opponent.	Pupils will develop	
	to develop their feet eye	and how this affects	The focus of the		their understanding	Pupils will begin to
	coordination skills when	our bodies.	learning is to respond	The focus of the	of what 'attacking'	understand why in
	playing sport.		to the stimulus using	learning is for pupils	and 'defending'	certain games, hitting
		Gymnastics – Linking	a range of different,	to introduce overarm	means and when and	into space is essential
	Dodging	The focus of the	controlled	throwing, applying	why we attack as a	in order to score
	The focus of the learning is	learning is to apply	movements.	their understanding	team during a game.	points against the

	to explore dodging and learn how to dodge effectively and apply this to game.  The focus of the learning is to apply pupils' knowledge of how, where and why to dodge, into game situations.  Pupils will learn the roles of attacking and defending and start to understand when we attack and when we defend while working in a team as part of a competition.	'champion gymnastics' to explore different movements that pupils can link together jump, roll and balance on and off apparatus, creating sequences.  The focus of the learning is for pupils to perform their completed sequences.	Pupils will show how to control and coordinate their bodies to perform movements that represent an explorer preparing for an expedition.  The focus of the learning is to develop our character work, adding movements, expression and emotion to our motif.  Pupils will create a 'frozen' position showing a reaction creating an emotion.  Pupils will develop motifs with a partner including some different elements of choreography.	of overarm throwing to win a game or competition.  Gymnastics – pathways The focus of the learning is to apply 'champion gymnastics' exploring different pathways (zig-zag, curved), creating movements that pupils can link together on apparatus into a sequence.  Pupils will perform their completed sequences.	The focus of the learning is to understand the transition from defence into attack and apply these tactics to a team game.  Pupils will learn that during a game their role will change (from defence to attack) and that they need to keep adapting their role to meet the needs of the game.  Pupils will develop their understanding of how their role changes from defence to attack.	opposing team.  Sports Day – Athletics The focus of the learning of for pupils to understand the correct technique for; sprint, egg and spoon, sack race, bouncy hopper and relay races.  Pupils will learn how to staying in their own lane, correct use of arms, legs and eyes and setting pace.
Outdoor Learning	Forest School: Boundaries and Safety Procedures Say where the forest and extended boundaries are and explain why I should remain within them. Explain and adhere to Forest School rules and safety rules. Fire Building		Geography: Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic and human features of our area  Science:		Geography: Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of our local area  History: Significant historical events, people and place	

	Use fire strikers to light a fairy fire in small groups and learn how to keep it going. Cook food on a fire with support. Fire safety and the fire triangle. Cooking on an open fire Bread on a stick Porridge Noodles	Forest School: Knots  More sophisticated use of knots for attaching to structures and trees.  Example - Overhand knot and half hitch. Lashing and frapping techniques to make frames.  Tools  Continuation of the use of basic tools, larger ropes and independent cutting of string.  Use of bow saw (1-1) to cut discs and peelers for whittling.  Shelter Building Independent use of tripod structures (animal den building) Introduction to lashing and frapping to make a frame.  Erect a tarpaulin shelter, with minimal support.	Science: Local area habitats  Forest School: Geographical Skills and Navigation Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) Use simple directional language (near and far, left and right) Describe the location of features and routes on a map. Recognise landmarks and human and physical features. Devise a simple map and use basic symbols on a key. Exploration and Play Reinforce rules and boundaries. Move logs safely with support. Make something out of wood. Build a bridge. Investigate insects living in the forest. Bird watching. Make sensory story sticks. Become a nature detective. Forest mini raft building
Enrichment	Weaver Hall Museum – The Great Fire of London experience. Firefighter visit The Christmas Journey – Main Street Church	World Faiths – visitor in to speak about Judaism; visit to St. Luke's Church, Frodsham Local trips to significant places/buildings in Frodsham	Forest mini raft building  World Faiths – visitor in to speak about Islam Geographical fieldwork up Frodsham Hill Residential to Fox Howl in Delamere Forest Archbishop of York Young Leaders Award